

# FPC10

## 1.1 - What is a Power?

**POWERS** are used to write the value of a **PRODUCT** in **SHORTHAND**

Vocabulary:                       $4^3$                       Base:                      Exponent:                      Power:

$4^3$  is shorthand for: "Write out \_\_\_\_\_"

The value (standard form) of the power is :

The **BASE** can also be a **NEGATIVE** value, e.g.  $(-4)^3$  : "Write out \_\_\_\_\_"

The value (standard form) of the power is :

Complete the following table:

Exponent Form	Expanded Form	Standard Form
$7^5$		
	$(-6)(-6)(-6)(-6)(-6)(-6)(-6)(-6)(-6)$	
$(-10)^3$		
		32
		81
		81

The **EXPANDED** form is always the **PRODUCT** of the \_\_\_\_\_

**WARNING!.....Be extra, extra cautious when there are negatives involved!!!!**

Identify the **BASE** of each power:

$(-2)^7$

$-2^7$

$(-2^7)$

$-(-2)^7$

Write the following powers in **EXPANDED FORM** (repeated multiplication) and evaluate (Standard Form).

**NOTE:** When  $-$ ves, brackets, and exponents are involved, **BEDMAS** determines the order in which the calculations are done!

$(-2)^7$

$-2^7$

$(-2^7)$

$-(-2)^7$

Write the following a power and then evaluate:

a.  $(-3) \times (-3) \times (-3) \times (-3) \times (-3)$

b.  $(-2) \times (-2) \times (-2) \times (-2) \times (-2)$

c.  $-(6)(6)(6)(6)$

d.  $-(-5)(-5)(-5)(-5)(-5)(-5)(-5)(-5)$

What is the difference between  $-5^2$  and  $(-5)^4$  ?

Is  $4^3$  the same as  $3^4$  ? Why or why not?